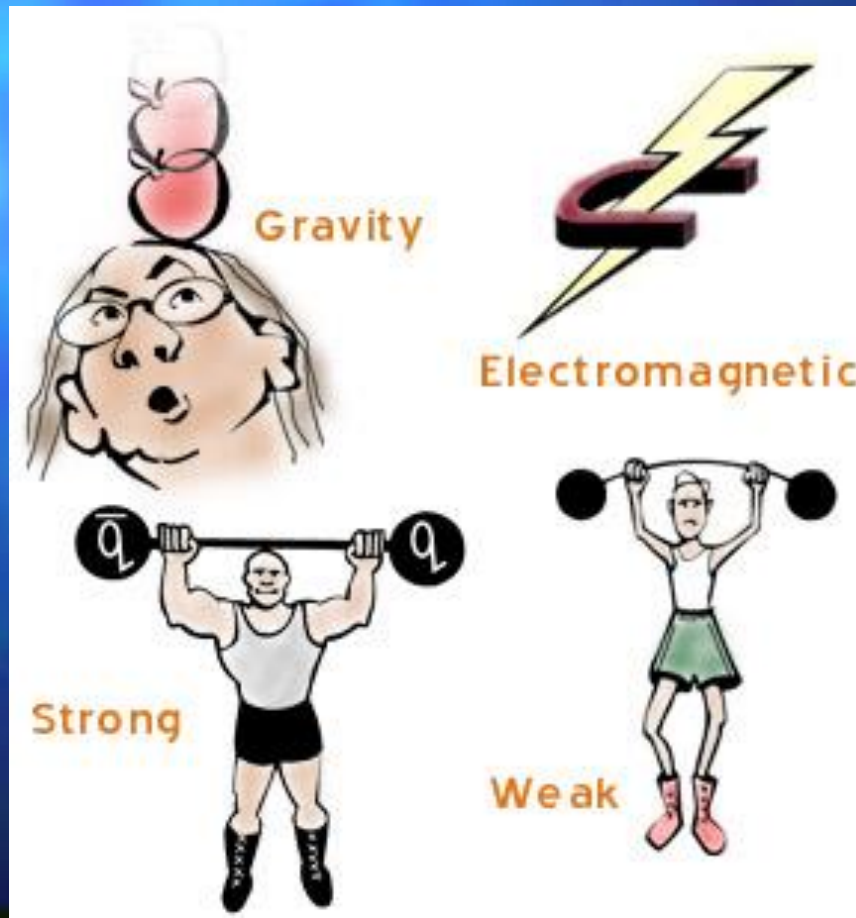


Four Interactions

There are four fundamental interactions between particles, and all forces in the world can be attributed to these four interactions!



What's an Interaction?

At a fundamental level, a force isn't just something that happens to particles. It is a thing which is passed between two particles.



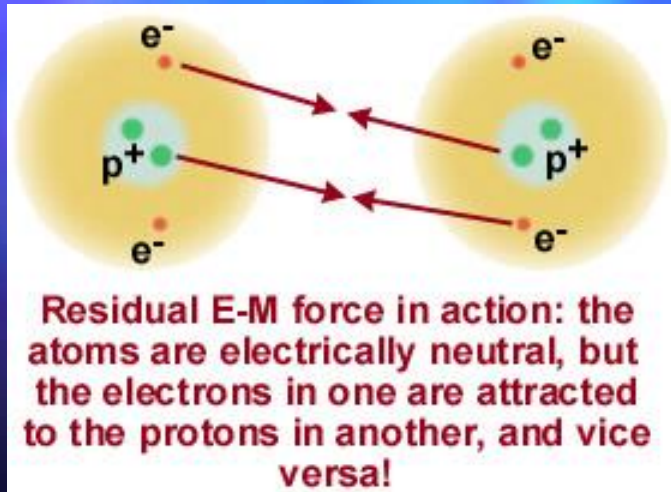
Can We Find This On Our Standard Model Chart?

The carriers of forces are called Gauge Bosons.

Model of Elementary Particles

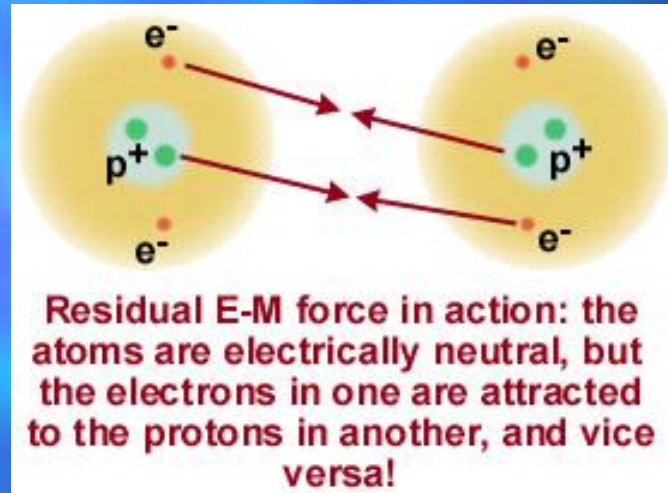
		Three Generations of Matter (Fermions)			Force Carriers (Gauge Bosons)		
		I	II	III			
Q u a r k s	Up	+2/3	Charm	+2/3	Top/ Truth	+2/3	Electro- magnetism
	u	R,G,B	c	R,G,B	t	R,G,B	
	2 - 8 MeV	1.0 - 1.6 GeV	182 ± 12 GeV				
	Down	-1/3	Strange	-1/3	Bottom/ Beauty	-1/3	Strong Interactions
	d	R,G,B	s	R,G,B	b	R,G,B	
	5 - 15 MeV	100 - 300 MeV	4.1 - 4.5 GeV				
L e p t o n s	Electron Neutrino	0	Muon Neutrino	0	Tau Neutrino	0	Weak Interactions
	ν_e	0	ν_μ	0	ν_τ	0	
	< 7.0 eV	< 270 KeV	< 31 MeV				
	Electron	-1	Muon	-1	Tau	-1	Weak Interactions
	e	0	μ	0	τ	0	
	511 MeV	105.658 MeV	1.777 GeV				
		Photon		0	Electro- magnetism		
		γ		0	Electro- magnetism		
		Gluon		0	Strong Interactions		
		G		R,G,B	Strong Interactions		
		W		±1	Weak Interactions		
		W^\pm		0	Weak Interactions		
		80.41 GeV					
		Z^0		0	Weak Interactions		
		Z		0	Weak Interactions		
		91.187 GeV					

Electromagnetic Force



The charged particles pass photons back and forth to remain connected and create the atoms that we have. The residual EM force will hold these overall neutral atoms together.

Electromagnetic Force



The electromagnetic force is what allows atoms to bond and form molecules. Amazing, isn't it? All the structures of the world exist simply because protons and electrons have opposite charges!

Strong Force

The strong force holds quarks together, so its carrier particles are called gluons because they so tightly "glue" quarks together.



The residual strong force will hold the different baryons (aka protons and neutrons in the nucleus) together.

Color Charge

Quarks (and anti-quarks) are held together by the color charge which is “transmuted” by gluons of six colors. NOT visible color but easy way to think.



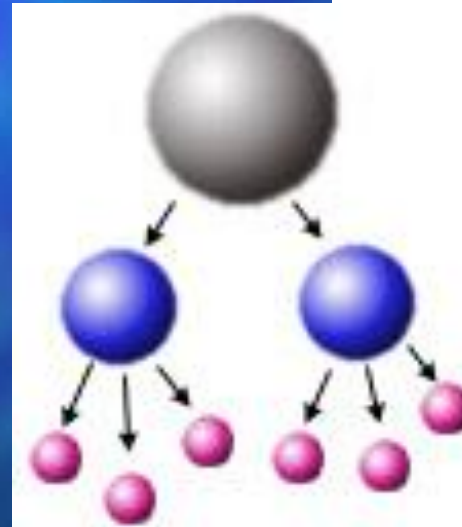
Because the gluon carries the color charge with it, it cannot be isolated

Any combination that makes “white light” makes it stable.



Weak Force

- Acts on Quarks and Leptons
- Causes Nuclear Decay
- (Note: The only stable matter around us is made out of the 1st Generation
- Has HEAVY carrier particles



No further decay is possible!

Force Carriers



	Gravity	Weak Electromagnetic (Electroweak)	Strong	
Carried By	Graviton (not yet observed)	W^+ W^- Z^0	Photon	Gluon
Acts on	All	Quarks and Leptons	Quarks and Charged Leptons and W^+ W^-	Quarks and Gluons

Mini Check

Which interaction is responsible for...

- Friction?
- Nuclear Bonding?
- Planetary Orbits?
- Which interaction acts on neutrinos?
- Which interaction has heavy carriers?
- Which force carriers cannot be isolated?
- Electromagnetic
- Strong
- Gravity
- Weak
- Weak
- Gluons