

1. A pulling force of 10 N is applied horizontally and to the right to the box shown below. The coefficient of kinetic friction  $\mu_k$ , is 0.2. Draw the FBD below and determine the acceleration of the 5 kg box.

Accel =



2. A pulling force of 10 N is applied horizontally and to the right to the box shown below. The acceleration of the 5 kg box is 0.4 m/s/s to the right. Draw the FBD below. Determine the frictional force,  $F_f$ , and the coefficient of kinetic friction  $\mu_k$ .

$F_f =$

$\mu_k =$



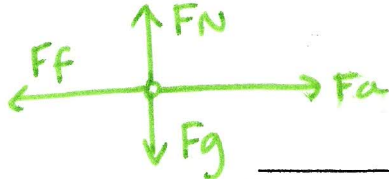
3. A frictional force of 6 N is acts upon the box below horizontally and to the left. The acceleration of the 5 kg box is 0.4 m/s/s to the right. Draw the FBD below. Determine the pulling force,  $F$ , and the coefficient of kinetic friction  $\mu_k$ .

$\mu_k =$

$F =$



1. A pulling force of 10 N is applied horizontally and to the right to the box shown below. The coefficient of kinetic friction  $\mu_k$ , is 0.2. Draw the FBD below and determine the acceleration of the 5 kg box.



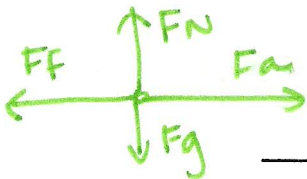
Accel =  $.04 \text{ m/s}^2$

$F_f = \mu_k F_N$   
 $F_f = (0.2)(49 \text{ N})$   
 $F_f = 9.8 \text{ N}$

$F_{net} = F_N - F_g$   
 $0 = F_N - m(9.8 \text{ m/s}^2)$   
 $0 = F_N - (5 \text{ kg})(9.8 \text{ m/s}^2)$   
 $0 = F_N - 49 \text{ N}$   $F_N = 49 \text{ N}$

$F_{net} = F_a - F_f$   
 $ma = 10 \text{ N} - 9.8 \text{ N}$   
 $(5 \text{ kg})a = 0.2 \text{ N}$   
 $a = .04 \text{ m/s}^2$

2. A pulling force of 10 N is applied horizontally and to the right to the box shown below. The acceleration of the 5 kg box is 0.4 m/s/s to the right. Draw the FBD below. Determine the frictional force,  $F_f$ , and the coefficient of kinetic friction  $\mu_k$ .



$F_f = \mu_k F_N$   
 $8 \text{ N} = \mu_k (49 \text{ N})$   
 $\mu_k = .163$

$F_N = F_g$  (see above)  
 $F_N = (5 \text{ kg})(9.8 \text{ m/s}^2)$   
 $F_N = 49 \text{ N}$

$F_{net} = F_a - F_f$   
 $ma = 10 \text{ N} - F_f$   
 $(5 \text{ kg})(0.4 \text{ m/s}^2) = 10 \text{ N} - F_f$   
 $F_f = 10 \text{ N} - 2 \text{ N}$   
 $F_f = 8 \text{ N}$

$F_f = 8 \text{ N}$   
 $\mu_k = .163$

3. A frictional force of 6 N is acts upon the box below horizontally and to the left. The acceleration of the 5 kg box is 0.4 m/s/s to the right. Draw the FBD below. Determine the pulling force,  $F$ , and the coefficient of kinetic friction  $\mu_k$ .



$F_f = \mu_k F_N$   
 $6 \text{ N} = \mu_k (49 \text{ N})$   
 $\mu_k = .122$

$F_N = F_g$  (see above)  
 $F_N = m(9.8 \text{ m/s}^2)$   
 $F_N = (5 \text{ kg})(9.8 \text{ m/s}^2)$   
 $F_N = 49 \text{ N}$

$F_{net} = F_a - F_f$   
 $ma = F_a - 6 \text{ N}$   
 $(5 \text{ kg})(0.4 \text{ m/s}^2) = F_a - 6 \text{ N}$   
 $2 \text{ N} + 6 \text{ N} = F_a$   
 $F_a = 8 \text{ N}$

$\mu_k = .122$   
 $F = 8 \text{ N}$